Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

	<i>Reviewed on 01/10/2014</i>
1 Identification	
· Product identifier	
· Trade name: DC-180	<b>Jamson Labs</b>
• Article number: 0011 JL	
• Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	Quality Chemicals Since 1973
· Manufacturer/Supplier:	
Jamson Laboratories, Inc. 101 South Bayview Blvd.	
Oldsmar, FL 34677 USA	
• Information department: Product Safety Department	
• Emergency telephone number: ChemTel Inc. (800) 255-3	8924 Intl. +01 (813) 248-0585
<b>2</b> Hazard(s) identification	
· Classification of the substance or mixture	
GHS02 Flame	
Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.	
GHS08 Health hazard	
Repr. 2 H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the	e unborn child.
$\mathbf{A}$	
GHS07	
Acute Tox. 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin.	
Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.	
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.	
Eye Irrit. 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
• Label elements • GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled	according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)
· Hazard pictograms	
$ \land \land \land \land $	
GHS02 GHS07 GHS08	
· Signal word Warning	
· Hazard-determining components of labeling:	
xylene (mix)	
2-butoxyethanol ethylbenzene	
Hazard statements	
Flammable liquid and vapour.	(Contd. on page 2)
	(Contd. on page 2) USA —

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

#### Trade name: DC-180

(Contd. of page 1)
Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Keep out of reach of children.
Read label before use.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Classification system:
• NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Health} = 2\\ Fire = 3\\ Reactivity = 0 \end{array}$
HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)
HEALTH2Health = 2FIRE3Fire = 3REACTIVITY $\overline{0}$ Reactivity = 0
Other hazards
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
• <b>PBT:</b> Not applicable.
• <b>vPvB:</b> Not applicable.
Composition/information on ingredients
composition in joint and the fourth is

• Description: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

#### · Dangerous components:

2	componential and a second s		
1330-20-7	xylene (mix)	25-50%	
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	25-50%	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	10-25%	

### 4 First-aid measures

#### · Description of first aid measures

• General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

• After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist. In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

(Contd. on page 3)

(Contd. of page 2)

## Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

#### Trade name: DC-180

• After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

· After swallowing:

Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

A person vomiting while lying on their back should be turned onto their side.

Immediately call a doctor.

• Information for doctor:

 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Nausea Unconsciousness Dizziness Headache Breathing difficulty
 Danger Danger of disturbed cardiac rhythm.

• Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs.

### **5** Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents: CO2, sand, extinguishing powder. Do not use water.
- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

### 6 Accidental release measures

• *Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.* 

• Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course. Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

• *Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:* Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Do not flush with water or aqueous cleansing agents

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

# 7 Handling and storage

· Handling:

- · Precautions for safe handling
- *Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Prevent formation of aerosols.*

(Contd. on page 4)

USA

*Printing date 01/21/2014* 

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

#### Trade name: DC-180

- Information about protection against explosions and fires: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect against electrostatic charges.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Storage:
- *Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Provide solvent resistant, sealed floor. Store in a cool location.*
- *Information about storage in one common storage facility:* Do not store together with oxidizing and acidic materials. Store away from foodstuffs.
- Further information about storage conditions: Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting. Store under lock and key and out of the reach of children. Store receptacle in a well ventilated area. Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
  Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.

· Control parameters

· Com	ponents with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
1330	-20-7 xylene (mix)
PEL	Long-term value: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 100 ppm
REL	Short-term value: 655 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 435 mg/m³, 100 ppm
TLV	Short-term value: 651 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 434 mg/m³, 100 ppm BEI
111-2	76-2 2-butoxyethanol
PEL	Long-term value: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 50 ppm Skin
REL	Long-term value: 24 mg/m³, 5 ppm Skin
TLV	Long-term value: 97 mg/m³, 20 ppm BEI
100-4	41-4 ethylbenzene
PEL	Long-term value: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 100 ppm
REL	Short-term value: 545 mg/m³, 125 ppm Long-term value: 435 mg/m³, 100 ppm
TLV	Short-term value: 543 mg/m³, 125 ppm Long-term value: 87 mg/m³, 20 ppm BEI
	(Contd. on page 5)
	USA — USA

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

### Trade name: DC-180

-	
1331)	edients with biological limit values: -20-7 xylene (mix)
	1.5 g/g creatinine
	Medium: urine
	Time: end of shift
	Parameter: Methylhippuric acids
	76-2 2-butoxyethanol
	200 mg/g creatinine Medium: urine
	Time: end of shift
	Parameter: Butoxyacetic acid with hydrolysis
100-4	41-4 ethylbenzene
BEI	0.7 g/g creatinine
	Medium: urine
	Time: end of shift at end of workweek
	Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (nonspecific, semi-quantitative)
	- Medium: end-exhaled air
	Time: not critical
	Parameter: Ethyl benzene (semi-quantitative)
Addi	tional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
Imme	ral protective and hygienic measures: away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. In hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Imme Wash Avoid <b>Brea</b> In ca respi	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. a hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. <b>thing equipment:</b> se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure us ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.
Imme Wash Avoid <b>Brea</b> In ca respi	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. a hands before breaks and at the end of work. I contact with the eyes and skin. <b>thing equipment:</b> se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure us
Imme Wash Avoid <b>Brea</b> In ca respi <b>Prote</b> The g Due	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure us ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. ection of hands: Protective gloves glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the
Imme Wash Avoid <b>Brea</b> In ca respi <b>Prote</b> The g Due m	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure us ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. ection of hands: Protective gloves clove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture.
Immee Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi In ca Prote	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. ection of hands: Protective gloves Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca In ca Prote The g The g Due f Chem Selec Mate	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure us ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. ection of hands: Protective gloves clove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture.
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca In ca In ca Prote The s Due 1 Chem Selec Mate Neop Chlod	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. a hands before breaks and at the end of work. a contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. retion of hands: Protective gloves clove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation <b>rial of gloves</b> rene gloves roprene rubber, CR
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca In ca In ca Prote Prote The g Che Che Cheo Cheo Cheo Cheo	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. d contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. tection of hands: Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation <b>rial of gloves</b> roperne rubber, CR rocarbon rubber (Viton)
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi Prote The g Due f Chie Selecc Mate Neop Chio Fluo Fluo	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. I contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. tection of hands: Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation. tical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation rial of gloves rene gloves roperene rubber, CR rocarbon rubber (Viton) election of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also depend on the material, but also dependent and suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also dependent and suitable gloves also dependent and suitable gloves does not only dependent and suitable gloves and suitable gloves and suitable gloves does not only dependent
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi Prote The g Due I Chlo Fluo The s Fluo The s varie	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. I contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. retion of hands: Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation rate gloves rene gloves rene gloves represerved by the product of the material, but also on further marks of quality ard s from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistances, the resista
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi In ca Prote The s Selec Mate Neop Chlo Fluo The s varie the g	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. hands before breaks and at the end of work. l contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. retion of hands: Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation rial of gloves represent to missing tests. represent to missing tests (CR) represent (Viton) relection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality are s from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of how material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi Prote The s Due f Chlo Selec Mate Neopo Chlo Fluo The s varie gene	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. I hands before breaks and at the end of work. I contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: se of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. tection of hands: Protective gloves Protective gloves elove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the ical mixture. tion of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation rial of gloves rene gloves rene gloves rene gloves rene gloves rene gloves repere rubber, CR reaction of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality are s from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of love material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. tration time of glove material
Imme Wash Avoid Brea In ca respi Prote The s Due f Chlo Selec Mate Neopo Chlo Fluo The s varie gene	away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed. ediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing. I hands before breaks and at the end of work. I contact with the eyes and skin. thing equipment: see of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use ratory protective device that is independent of circulating air. tection of hands: Protective gloves Protective gloves Protective gloves Protective gloves reading tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation. to missing tests no recommendation of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation rial of gloves rene gloves rene gloves roprene rubber, CR rocarbon rubber (Viton) readerion of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and s from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of love material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. tration time of glove material exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to b

USA -

(Contd. of page 5)

# Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

# Trade name: DC-180

Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials: Strong gloves Leather gloves
Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Solvent resistant protective clothing

Information on basic physical and o	chemical properties
General Information	
Appearance:	
Form:	Liquid
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Solvent-like
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
pH-value:	Not determined.
Change in condition	
Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	138 °C (280 °F)
Flash point:	30 °C (86 °F)
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.
Ignition temperature:	240 °C (464 °F)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.
Danger of explosion:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapor mixtures are possible.
Explosion limits:	
Lower:	1.0 Vol %
Upper:	10.6 Vol %
Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):	9.5 hPa (7 mm Hg)
Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	0.88144 g/cm³ (7.356 lbs/gal)
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Solubility in / Miscibility with	
Water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wate	er): Not determined.
Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Kinematic:	Not determined.

(Contd. of page 6)

## Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

Trade name: DC-180

• Solvent content: Organic solvents: VOC content:

100.0 % 100.0 % 881.4 g/l / 7.36 lb/gl No further relevant information available.

• Other information

# 10 Stability and reactivity

· Reactivity

· Chemical stability

- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- $\cdot$  Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Reacts with strong acids and oxidizing agents.

Reacts with oxygen.

Flammable.

- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- $\cdot$  Hazardous decomposition products:
- Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide Hydrocarbons

## **11 Toxicological information**

· Information on toxicological effects

• Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

1330-20-7 xylene (mix)

Oral LD50 4300 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)

111-76-2 2-butoxyethanol

*Oral LD50 1480 mg/kg (rat)* 

Dermal LD50 400 mg/kg (rab)

100-41-4 ethylbenzene

Oral LD50 3500 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 17800 mg/kg (rabbit)

· Primary irritant effect:

• on the skin: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.

• on the eye: Irritating effect.

• Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

· Additional toxicological information:

The product shows the following dangers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: Harmful Irritant

· Carcinogenic categories

· IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

1330-20-7 xylene (mix)

(Contd. on page 8)

3

USA

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

Trade name: DC-180

		Contd. of page 7)
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	3
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	2B
108-88-3	toluene	3
· NTP (Natio	onal Toxicology Program)	
None of the	e ingredients is listed.	

# **12 Ecological information**

· Toxicity

- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:

· General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water

- Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
- Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

#### **13 Disposal considerations**

· Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation:

Can be burned with household garbage after consulting with the waste disposal facility operator and the pertinent authorities and adhering to the necessary technical regulations.

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

· Uncleaned packagings:

- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agent: Solvent naphtha

· UN-Number	UN1307	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	011307	
· UN proper shipping name · DOT	Xylenes, solution	
· IMDG, IATA	XYLENES, solution	

USA

# Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

Trade name: DC-180

Printing date 01/21/2014

	(Contd. of page
· Transport hazard class(es)	
·DOT	
RAMABLE LOUD	
PLAMABLE COOP	
· Class	3 Flammable liquids. 3
·Label	5
· IMDG, IATA	
3	
· Class	3 Flammable liquids.
· Label	3 3
· Packing group · DOT, IMDG, IATA	III
	111
· Environmental hazards:	No
· Marine pollutant:	
$\cdot$ Special precautions for user	Warning: Flammable liquids
· Danger code (Kemler):	30 E E S D
· EMS Number:	F-E,S-D
· Transport in bulk according to Annex	
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN1307, Xylenes, solution, 3, III

# **15 Regulatory information**

 $\cdot$  Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture  $\cdot$  Sara

Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):
None of the ingredients is listed.
Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):
1330-20-7 xylene (mix)
100-41-4 ethylbenzene
108-88-3 toluene
TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):
All ingredients are listed.
Proposition 65
Chemicals known to cause cancer:
100-41-4 ethylbenzene
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:
108-88-3 toluene

*Printing date 01/21/2014* 

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

Trade name: DC-180

Chemicals	known to cause reproductive toxicity for males.	(Contd. of page
	e ingredients is listed.	
	known to cause developmental toxicity:	
108-88-3		
	nic categories	
	ironmental Protection Agency)	
	xylene (mix)	I
	2-butoxyethanol	N
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	D
108-88-3	toluene	II
TLV (Thre	eshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)	
1330-20-7	xylene (mix)	A
111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol	A
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	A
108-88-3	toluene	A
NIOSH-C	a (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)	
	e ingredients is listed.	
•		
	(Occupational Safety & Health Administration)	
•	e ingredients is listed.	
GHS label Hazard pie	elements The product is classified and labeled according to the	Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
11u,ui u p u		
, LL	$\bigwedge \bigwedge$	
GHS02	GHS07 GHS08	
Signal wor	rd Warning	
-	termining components of labeling:	
xylene (mi		
2-butoxyet		
ethylbenze		
Hazard sta		
Flammabl	e liquid and vapour.	
	a contact with skin or if inhaled.	
•	n irritation.	
Causes ser	ious eye irritation.	
	of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
	nary statements	
If medical		
-	advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
	advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. f reach of children.	

Read label before use.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Store locked up.

(Contd. on page 11)

<sup>-</sup> USA

Printing date 01/21/2014

Reviewed on 01/16/2014

Trade name: DC-180

(Contd. of page 10)

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. • Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **16 Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

• **Department issuing MSDS:** Environment protection department.

• Date of preparation / last revision 01/16/2014

· Abbreviations and acronyms: ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent US A