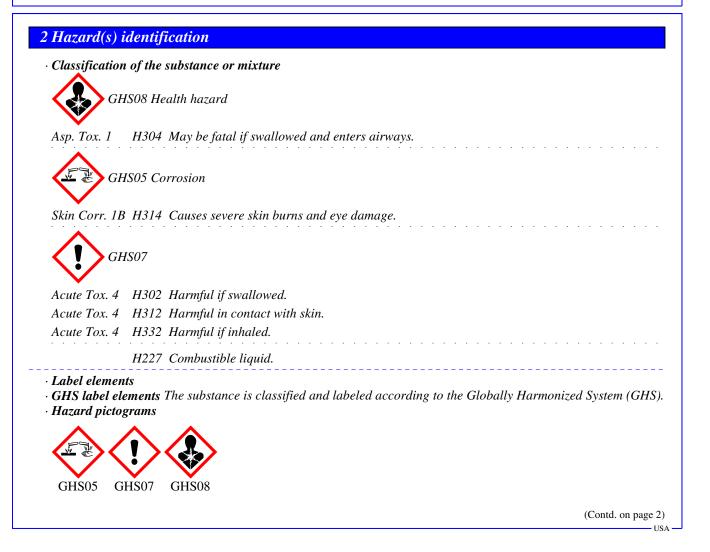
Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

1 1 1	1	C •	
1 10	enti	nca	i Mi

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: Monoethanolamine
- · Article number: JLM 0645
- CAS Number: 141-43-5
- EC number:
- 205-483-3
- Index number: 603-030-00-8

- Quality Chemicals Since 1973
- Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet • Manufacturer/Supplier: Jamson Laboratories, Inc. 101 South Bayview Blvd. Oldsmar, FL 34677 USA
- Information department: Product Safety Department
 Emergency telephone number: ChemTel Inc. (800) 255-3924 Intl. +01 (813) 248-0585



Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

· Signal word Danger	(Contd. of page 1)
• Hazard-determining components of labeling: 2-aminoethanol	
· Hazard statements	
Combustible liquid.	
Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.	
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Precautionary statements	
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
Keep out of reach of children.	
Read label before use.	
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse	e skin with water/shower.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lense	
Continue rinsing.	
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.	
Store locked up.	
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international	al regulations.
Classification system:	-
NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)	
Health = 3 $Fire = 1$	
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\$	
$\bigvee \bigvee \bigvee Keachvhy = 0$	
HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)	
HEALTH 3 $Health = 3$	
FIRE 1 Fire = 1	
$\begin{array}{c} \text{REACTIVITY} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ $ \\ \hline } \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\	
REACTIVITY OF TRUCKING OF	
Other hazards	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
PBT: Not applicable.	
vPvB: Not applicable.	
Composition/information on ingredients	
Chemical characterization: Substances	
CAS No. Description	
141-43-5 2-aminoethanol	
Identification number(s)	
EC number: 205-483-3	
· Index number: 603-030-00-8	
First-aid measures	

· Description of first aid measures

• General information:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

(Contd. on page 3)

USA

(Contd. of page 2)

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

	(Contd. of page 2)
• After inhalation:	
Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if syn	nptoms persist.
In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.	
• After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.	
• After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a docto	r
• After swallowing:	
•	
A person vomiting while lying on their back should be turned onto their side.	
Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.	
Immediately call a doctor.	
Drink copious amounts of water and provide fresh air. Immediately call a doctor.	
· Information for doctor:	
• Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	
Corrosive and extremely irritating to all tissues.	
Nausea	
Gastric or intestinal disorders	
Thirst	
· Danger	
Danger of gastric perforation.	
Danger of pulmonary edema.	
· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Medical supervision for at least 48 hours.	
If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs.	

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:
- CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Mouth respiratory protective device.

6 Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
 Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water.
 Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Use neutralizing agent.
 Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13. Ensure adequate ventilation.
 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
 - See Section 13 for disposal information.

(Contd. on page 4)

(Contd. of page 3)

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
- · Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Unsuitable material for receptacle: aluminium.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Do not store together with acids.

Store away from oxidizing agents.

Store away from foodstuffs.

- Further information about storage conditions: Keep receptacle tightly sealed.
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.

· Control parameters

· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

141-43-5 2-aminoethanol

PEL Long-term value: 6 mg/m³, 3 ppm

REL Short-term value: 15 mg/m³, 6 ppm

Long-term value: 8 mg/m³, 3 ppm

TLV Short-term value: 15 mg/m³, 6 ppm Long-term value: 7.5 mg/m³, 3 ppm

• Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.

· Exposure controls

- · Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:
- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

• Breathing equipment:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use respiratory protective device that is independent of circulating air.

• Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

• Material of gloves Neoprene gloves PVC or PE gloves Nitrile rubber, NBR Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

(Contd. on page 5)

(Contd. of page 4)

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

Butyl rubber, BR

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

 \cdot Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Strong gloves

Leather gloves

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Alkaline resistant protective clothing

9 Physical and chemical properties

General Information		
Form:	Liquid	
Color:	Colorless	
· Odor:	Amine-like	
Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
pH-value at 20 °C (68 °F):	12.6	
Change in condition		
Melting point/Melting range:	10.3 °C (51 °F)	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	170 °C (338 °F)	
Flash point:	93 °C (199 °F)	
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.	
Ignition temperature:	385 °C (725 °F)	
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
Auto igniting:	Not determined.	
Danger of explosion:	Not determined.	
Explosion limits:		
Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
· Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):	0.3 hPa	
Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	1.017 g/cm³ (8.487 lbs/gal)	
Relative density	Not determined.	
· Vapour density	Not determined.	
• Evaporation rate	Not determined.	
Solubility in / Miscibility with		
<i>Water at 20 °C (68 °F):</i>	1 g/l	

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

(Contd. of page 5)

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic at 20 °C (68 °F): Kinematic: Organic solvents: VOC content: 24 mPas Not determined. 100.0 % 100.0 % 1017.0 g/l / 8.49 lb/gl No further relevant information available.

• Other information

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity
- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions** Reacts with strong acids and oxidizing agents. Reacts with aluminium at raised temperatures.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products: Nitrogen oxides Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11 Toxicological information

· Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

141-43-5 2-aminoethanol

Oral LD50 2050 mg/kg (rat)

Dermal LD50 1000 mg/kg (rabbit)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- on the skin: Caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- on the eye: Strong caustic effect.
- Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

- · Carcinogenic categories
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Substance is not listed.

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Substance is not listed.

(Contd. on page 7)

USA

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

(Contd. of page 6)

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:
- Water hazard class 1 (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach bodies of water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralized.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to increased pH-values. A high pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably reduced, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

UN-Number DOT, IMDG, IATA	UN2491	
	0112491	
UN proper shipping name		
DOT	Ethanolamine	
IMDG, IATA	ETHANOLAMINE	
Transport hazard class(es)		
DOT		
CORROSIVE 8		
Class	8 Corrosive substances.	

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

	(Cont	d. of page
· Label	8	
· IMDG, IATA		
ALL DEC		
· Class	8 Corrosive substances.	
· Label	8	
· Packing group		
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	III	
· Environmental hazards:		
· Marine pollutant:	No	
· Special precautions for user		
· Danger code (Kemler):	80	
· EMS Number:	F- A , S - B	
· Segregation groups	Alkalis	
• Transport in bulk according to Annex	II of	
MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.	
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN2491, Ethanolamine, 8, III	

15 Regulatory information

- \cdot Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture \cdot Sara
- Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):
- Substance is not listed.
- Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):
- Substance is not listed.
- · TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):
- Substance is listed.
- · Proposition 65
- · Chemicals known to cause cancer:
- Substance is not listed.
- · Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:
- Substance is not listed.
- \cdot Chemicalsknown to cause reproductive toxicity for males.
- Substance is not listed.
- · Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:
- Substance is not listed.
- · Carcinogenic categories
- · EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)
- Substance is not listed.

(Contd. on page 9)

USA ·

(Contd. of page 8)

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

• TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

Substance is not listed.

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

Substance is not listed.

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

Substance is not listed.

• *GHS label elements* The substance is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS). • *Hazard pictograms*



· Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labeling:
2-aminoethanol
Hazard statements

Combustible liquid.

Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· Precautionary statements

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Department issuing MSDS: Environment protection department.

· Date of preparation / last revision 5/20/2014

Abbreviations and acronyms:
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
DOT: US Department of Transportation
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

(Contd. on page 10)

USA -

Printing date 05/20/2014

Reviewed on 05/20/2014

Trade name: Monoethanolamine

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent (Contd. of page 9)

USA